

# COMPUTING: DATA AND INFORMATION KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER



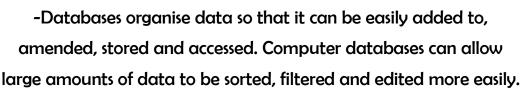
### **Overview**

### Flat-File Databases



-Data is raw numbers and figures. Information is what we can understand from analysing data.

-There are lots of different ways that we can collect, log and interpret data, including by using databases.



# **Types of Databases**

**Database:** A database is a collection of organised data that is easily stored and used. Databases often structure data in logical ways (e.g. in columns, rows and tables) so that it can be accessed by those who need it easily. Databases are made up of individuals records, which contain information in different fields (categories).

**-Paper Databases:** Paper databases require the creator to manually write in individual records, and to sort the records in an appropriate order. Paper records can still be useful in small databases. particularly where information is not changing and does not need to be amended frequently. However, most large databases are now stored on computers.

-Computer Databases: Many computer programs allow us to create databases, e.g. *i2data* or *Microsoft Excel*.

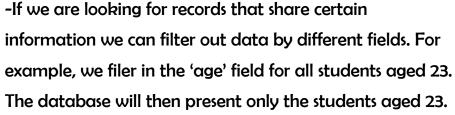
Computer databases have become more popular than paper databases, as data can

be easily and quickly added or removed. sorted, filtered, edited, or viewed at any time.

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### **Using a Computer Database**

-Computer databases often contain large amounts of data. We can find the data that we need by using the 'search', 'filter' and 'sort' functions. Search functions allow us to type in the exact word/s that we are looking for. This can be useful if we are looking for a particular record.



-We can also sort records by the data in particular fields. e.g. we may sort by the students' ages, from youngest to oldest. The youngest student will then appear at the top.



	College Enrollment 2016 - 2017			
Student ID g	Last Name p	Initial o	Age	
ST348-245	White	R.	21	
ST348-246	Wilson	P.	19	
ST348-247	Thompson	A.	18	
ST348-248	Holt	R,	23	
ST348-249	Armstrong	L	37	
ST348-250	Graham	5.	20	
ST348-251	McFadden	H.	26	
ST348-252	Jones	5.	22	
ST348-253	Russell	W.	20	
ST348-254	Smith	L	19	

### **Presenting Data**

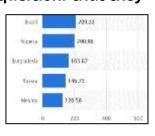
-Data can be shown visually, by using graphs and charts. This allows users to quickly and easily find answers to the questions that they

need. It helps the user to easily see trends and to sequence information.

-Charts and graphs can be created by selecting the charts icon and

selecting which fields to display in the x-axis

and y-axis.



order to quickly and easily find information. Databases are only able to do this if the data is organised logically into clear records and fields.

**Using Databases** 

-Remember that databases are used in

-Databases are used in most institutions across the world. Think about: medical records, school student information, flight logs and business

accounts.

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## **Important Vocabulary**

Information **Filter Fields** Data Database Records Collection Search Sort Software